EVIDENCE BRIEF

The Availability and Distribution of French-Speaking Pharmacists in Ontario

PURPOSE AND BACKGROUND

Many Francophones in Ontario live in a minority context and thus, have limited access to linguistically concordant healthcare services. Given their expanded scope of practice, French-speaking pharmacists are in a unique position to improve medication use and self-care for Francophones. This study investigated the availability of French-speaking pharmacists in relation to the distribution of the Francophone population in Ontario.

KEY FINDINGS

- Seven percent of pharmacists in Ontario reported being competent to provide patient care in French.
- French-speaking pharmacists had a tendency to practice in communities with **smaller** Francophone populations.
- The availability of French-speaking pharmacist per Francophone population density was **two times** greater in southern Ontario than it was in the north.
- Similarly, their availability was **two times greater** in urban versus rural communities.

INTERPRETATIONS

- The distribution of French-speaking pharmacists does not match the distribution of the Francophone population in Ontario, many of whom reside in rural and northern communities.
- This maldistribution of French-speaking pharmacists mirrors that of French-speaking physicians. Further research is needed to explain and resolve this maldistribution.
- Although pharmacists contribute to providing comprehensive primary care services and can help overcome service gaps, the distribution of Frenchspeaking pharmacists does not optimally serve Ontario's Francophone population, rather it seems to further worsen gaps in French-language services.

POLICY CONSIDERATIONS

Improving the distribution of French-language pharmacy services may be achieved through various strategies, including:

- Investing in the development of French language pharmacy education and recruiting more French-speaking students to existing pharmacy education programs.
- Providing recruitment and retention incentives to encourage Frenchspeaking pharmacists to practice in underserved Francophone communities.
- Adopting the active offer of French-language services in pharmacies to ensure French-speaking patients are identified and are proactively offered services in French.
- Exploring novel service delivery models to provide linguistically concordant services, such as offering virtual consultations with a French-speaking pharmacist or ensuring translation support is available.

For more information, see: Timony, P., Waite, N., Houle, S., Violette, R., & Gauthier, A. <u>The</u> <u>Pharmacist Is In: The Availability and</u> <u>Distribution of French-Speaking Pharmacists in</u> <u>Ontario</u>. Minorités linguistiques et société/ Linguistic Minorities and Society. 2022, (18) : 175-196.

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This evidence brief was developed in partnership with the Ontario SPOR Support Unit Francophone Initiative. Visit us at <u>https://savoirmontfort.ca/initiative-francophone/</u>